Energy Accounting & Education



Energy Manager John Daily School District of Holmen Mike Freybler School District of La Crosse

Topics (Electricity)

- Creating electricity
- Defining degree days
- Customer charges
- Types of rates
- Energy usage
- Demand charges
- Taking control of your electric bill

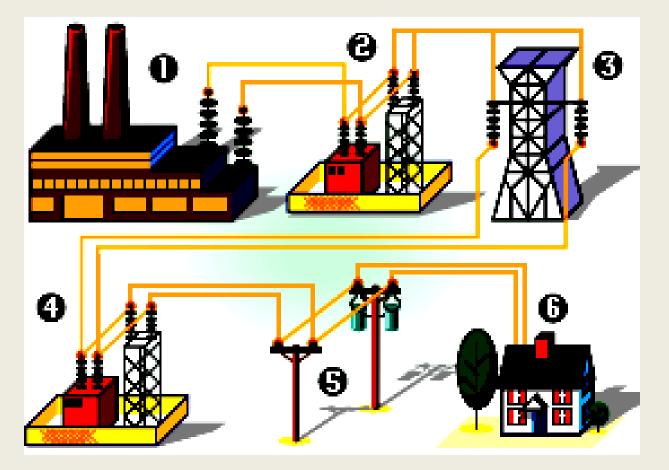
Creating Electricity

- Electric generators have large quantities of copper wire spinning around inside very large magnets at very high speeds to create electric current.
- How Electricity is Created

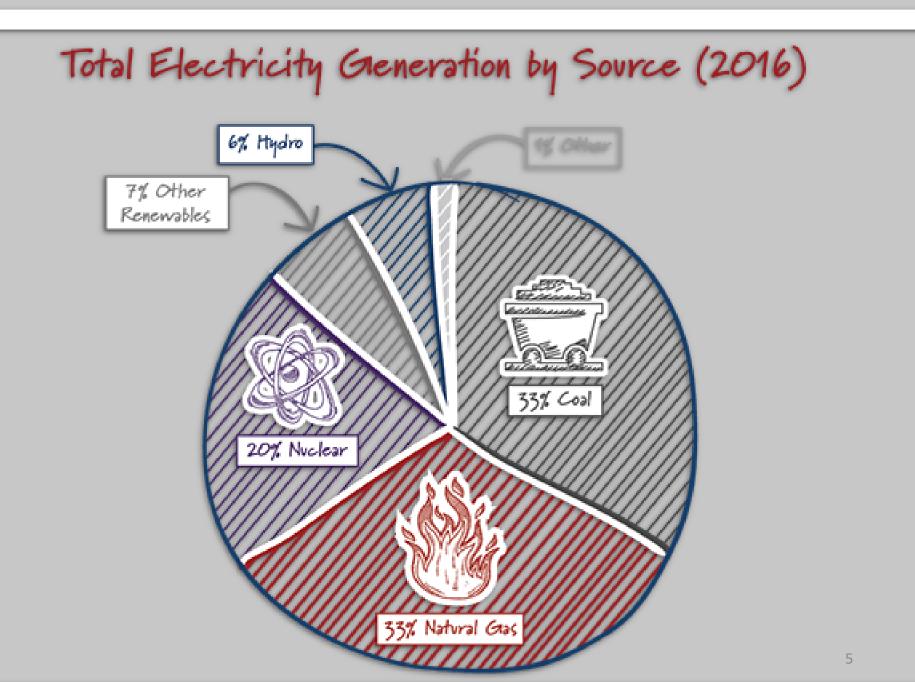




Generation, Transmission and Distribution



Provided by Edison Electric Institute



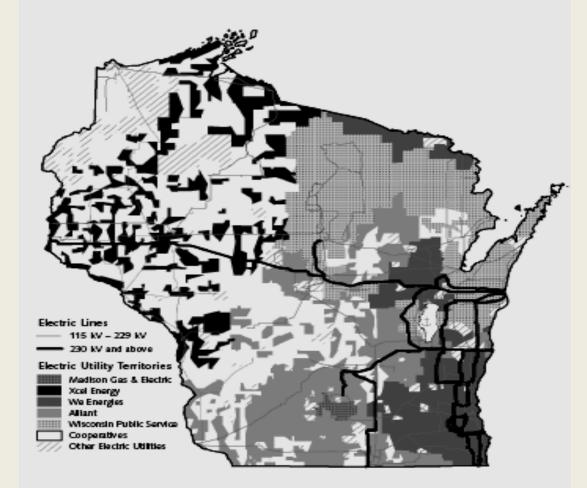
Renewable Energy

- Electricity produced by sources that can be replaced • naturally and do not involve burning fossil fuels or use of nuclear energy
- Considered less harmful to the environment because it results in less air pollution, emissions, and waste compared to electricity produced from traditional sources
- Includes solar, wind, geothermal, \bullet and biomass



Major Electric Lines and Service Areas

Major Electric Lines and Service Territory Areas



Source: Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, with permission from the Wisconsin Electric Power Company, and Wisconsin Department of Administration, Division of Energy

Degree Days

- Degree Day indicates how far a day's average temperature departed from 65° F
- Heating Degree Day measures heating energy demand; indicates how far the average temperature fell below 65° F (cooler weather = more heating demand)
- Cooling Degree Day measures cooling energy demand; indicates how far the temperature averaged above 65° F
- Smaller values = less fuel demand

Customer Charges

- Recurring charges for administrative activities for maintaining a customer account (also referred to as service charges
- Includes billing, metering, and meter reading



What's a Kilowatt?

- Kilowatt (kW) One kilowatt equals 1,000 watts (10 bulbs @ 100 watts each)
- Kilowatt-hour (kWh) Basic unit of electric energy
 = one kilowatt of power supplied to or taken from an electric circuit steadily for one hour
 - One kilowatt-hour equals 1,000 watt-hours



Time of Use Rate

- Rates that vary by the time of day that the electricity is used
- Higher rates are charged during hours of peak system usage
- Lower energy costs by shifting use to "off-peak" hours when electricity costs less



- Consult with your local utility representative
 - May require a special meter

On-Peak vs. Off-Peak Rates

- On-Peak Rate: Period between 9:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, when most energy is used
 - Excludes weekends and holidays
- Off-Peak Rate: Includes all hours not included in the on-peak period



Power Factor

- The ratio of real power (kW) to apparent power (kVA) at any given time in an electrical circuit
- Goal of electric utilities: power factor of 1 (unity power factor)
 - If less than one, utility has to supply more current to the user = more line losses
 - Must have larger capacity equipment in place
- Facilities are charged a penalty if their power factor is much different from 1

Sample Bill

Current Charges	\$4,452.57
Electric Billing Period: 11/014/16 to 12/17/16	
1036 Heating Degree Days, 0 Cooling Degree Days	Meter# 11628123
Actual Reading on 12/17	24,179
Actual Reading on 11/14	23,731
Difference	448
Meter multiplier	X 80
Usage in 30 Days (kWh)	35,840
Total On-Peak Consumption 9 a.m. to 9 p.m., Monday-Friday	17,120KWh
Total Off-Peak Consumption	18720KWh
Facility Power Factor	97.58%

Sample Bill: Demand Charges

Current Charges	\$4,452.57
Electric Charges Period: 11/14/16 to 12/17/16	
Customer Demand Charge: 197.0 kW @ \$1.750	\$ 344.75
On-Peak Demand Charge: 170.0 kW @ \$10.250	\$ 1,742.50
Facilities Charge	\$ 180.00
Non-taxable Customer Charge (3%)	\$129 69
Off-Peak Energy Charge: 18,720 kWh @ \$0.048460	\$ 907.17
On-Peak Energy Charge: 17,120 kWh @ \$0.074180	\$ 1,269.96
Saver Switch Load Control (Credit)	\$121.50

Page 8 of 24



MAILING ADDRESS	ACCOUNT NUMBER		DUE DATE
SCHOOL DISTRICT OF HOLMEN 1019 MCHUGH RD	52-4594119-3		01/20/2017
HOLMEN WI 54636-9296	STATEMENT NUMBER	STATEMENT DATE	AMOUNT DUE
	529372970	12/29/2016	\$53,765.17

SERVICE ADDRESS: HOLMEN MIDDLE SCHOOL NORTH 502 N MAIN ST HOLMEN, WI 54636-9313

01/20/17

NEXT READ DATE:

ELECTRICITY SERVICE DETAILS

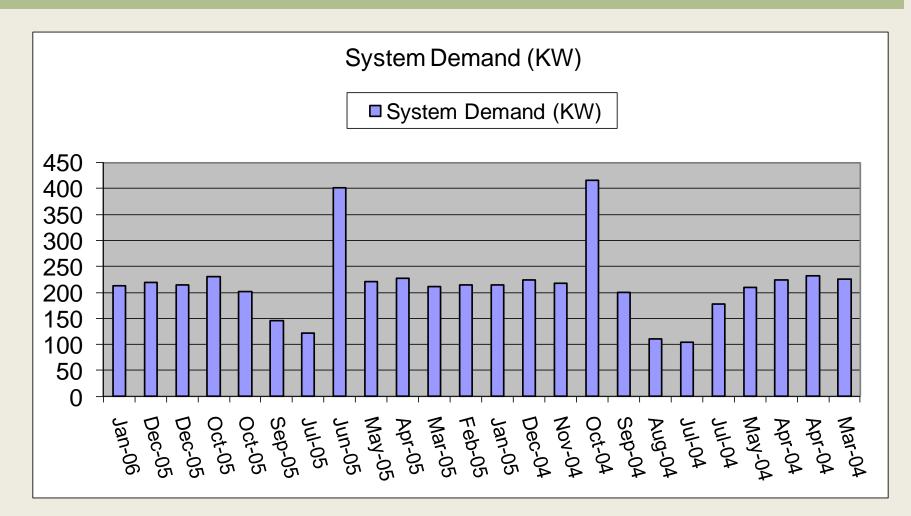
PREMISES NUMBER: 302437232 INVOICE NUMBER: 0652867409

METER 11628123 - Multiplier x 80			Read Dates: 11/14/16 - 12/17/16 (33 Days)	
DESCRIPTION	CURRENT READING	PREVIOUS READING	MEASURED USAGE	BILLED
Total Energy	24179 Actual	23731 Actual	448	35840 kWh
On Pk Energy	12484 Actual	12270 Actual	214	17120 kWh
Off Pk Energy	11695 Actual	11461 Actual	234	18720 kWh
Reactive Energy	3819 Actual	3771 Actual	48	3840 kVArh
Demand	Actual			170.4 kW
Billable Demand				197 kW
On Pk Demand	Actual			170.4 kW
Billable On Pk Demand				170 kW
Off Pk Demand	Actual			165.6 kW
Billable Off Pk Demand				166 kW
Power Factor On Pk Demand	97.58%			

1146 Heating Degree Days

ECTRICITY CHARGES	RATE: Large TOD Service		
DESCRIPTION	USAGE UNITS	RATE	CHARGE
Customer Charge			\$180.00
On-Peak Energy ChWinter	17120 kWh	\$0.074180	\$1,269.96
Off-Peak Energy CWinter	18720 kWh	\$0.048460	\$907.17
Customer Demand	197 kW	\$1.750000	\$344.75
On-Peak Demand ChWinte	170 kW	\$10.250000	\$1,742.50
Com SS Load Control			- \$121.50 CR
Subtotal			\$4,322.88
WI Low Income Assist		3.00%	\$129.69
Total			\$4,452.57

Billing Demand



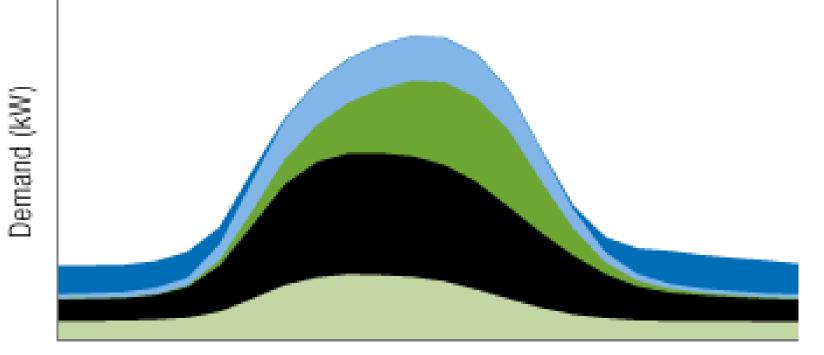
Taking Control of Your Electric Bills

Follow best practices with these systems:

- Lighting
- HVAC
 - Air conditioning/chillers
 - Air handling equipment/ventilation
 - Controls
 - -VFD
- Domestic hot water/booster heaters
- Demand limiting controls
- Producing Your Own Energy

Electrical Energy Use in Schools

Exterior lighting
 Cooling
 Ventilation
 Other



24-hour period^a

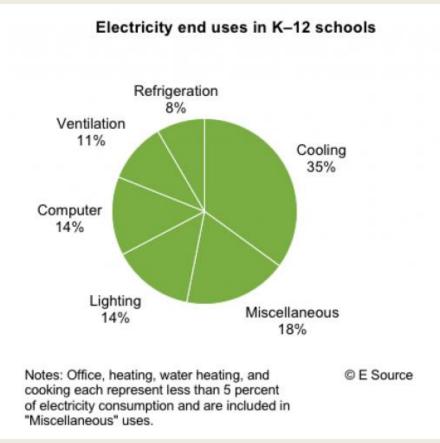
Notes: kW = kilowatt.

© E Source; data from ITRON

a. 24 hour pariod – midnight to midnight.

Energy Use in Schools

 In school facilities, space heating, cooling and lighting accounts for about 70% of school energy use.



Lighting

- Lighting is the easiest place to save energy and expect a quick payback
 - De-lamp where possible
 - Use reduced-wattage lamps: 25-watt and 28-watt T8 technology
 - L.E.D. Technology
 - Complete lighting retrofits

LED Lighting



Results of Lighting Upgrade





HVAC

High efficiency upgrades/replacements

- Air conditioning
 - DX units, Rooftop, Chillers
- Air handling equipment
 - VFD Drives on fan motors
 - Demand Controlled Ventilation
- Controls

- DDC conversion, occupancy driven
- Scheduling
- Scheduling
- Scheduling

Chiller Options





Air-Handling Units



Saving Energy with Domestic Hot Water



- Install a highefficiency hot water heater
- Schedule pumping with occupancy
- Booster Heatersconsider natural gas or chemical wash to reduce electrical demand.

Demand Limiting Controls

- Use a more sophisticated approach to lock out stages of cooling equipment to control peak demand.
- Use a peak demand strategy to monitor and control facility (smart building).



Financial Incentives

- Energy Rebates
- Utility Provider
- Focus on Energy
- Grants



Energy Accounting & Education Natural Gas



Energy Manager

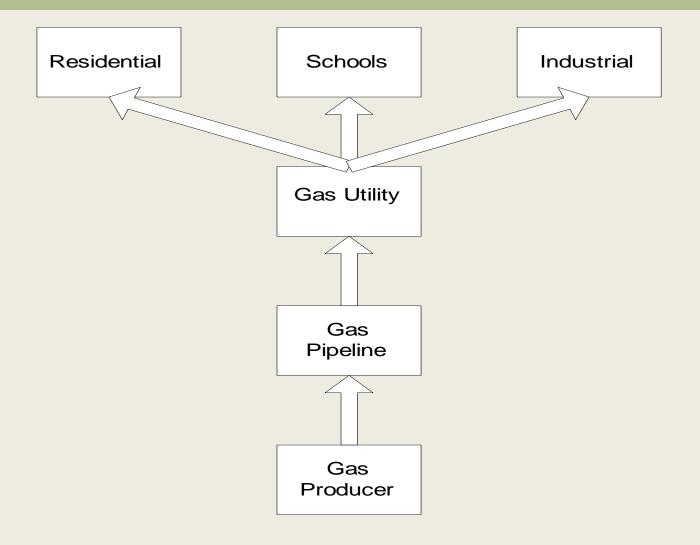
John Daily School District of Holmen

Mike Freybler School District of La Crosse

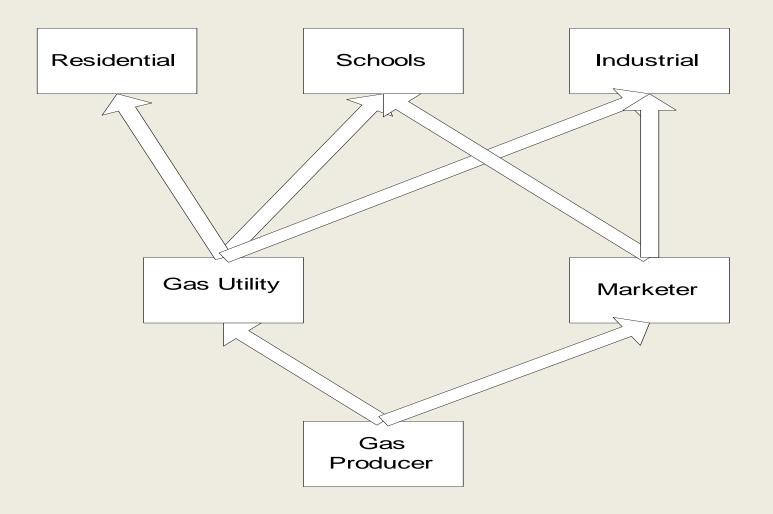
Topics (Natural Gas)

- Effects of deregulation
- Sources of natural gas
- Transportation of natural gas
- Major gas supply lines
- Comparing fuel prices
- Understanding your gas bill
- How to reduce your gas bill
- Measure Yourself

Before Deregulation



After Deregulation



Natural Gas Transportation

System Supply Customer

- Purchased by utility
- Transported by utility
- Distributed by utility
- Maintained by utility
- Billed by utility

Transportation Customer

- Purchased by marketer
- Transported by marketer
- Distributed by utility
- Maintained by utility
- Billed by both

Sources of U.S. Natural Gas

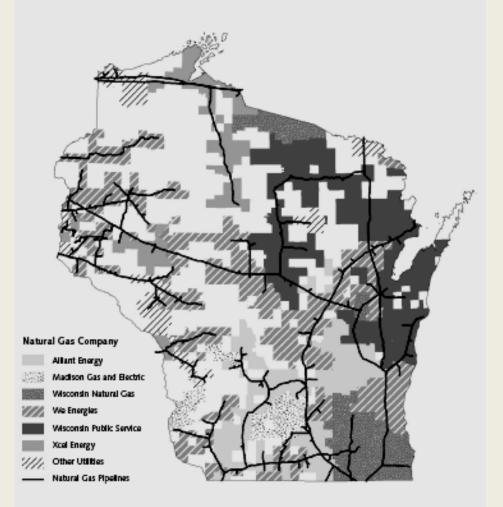


Natural Gas Pipelines



Major Gas Lines and Service Territories

Wisconsin Natural Gas Company Territories & Major Pipelines



Factors Contributing to Gas Cost

- Actual purchase price of gas
- Gas transportation costs
- PSC regulates utilities, not marketer
- Market fluctuations
- Price-locking



- Combination of weather and market determine the savings/costs in any given year
- Commodity price/transportation price

Comparing Fuel Costs

Btu's per unit

#2 Fuel Oil = 139,000 btu's/gallon
Propane = 91,600 btu's/gallon
Kilowatt Hour = 3,412 btu's
Therm = 100,000 btu's

Fuel Conversion Example

• If using fuel oil, multiplier would be 1.39 (From previous slide)

If the price of natural gas is \$.8364 per therm, should you consider burning propane?

Formula: Multiplier x cost of natural gas = equivalent cost

Use multiplier from table = .916

• .916 X \$.8364 = \$.766 per gallon

Burn propane if it costs less than \$.77 per gallon.

Page 5 of 24



DAILY AVERAGES	Last Year	This Year
Temperature	39° F	
Gas Therms	41.5	187.1
Gas Cost	\$21.69	\$50.56

MAILING ADDRESS	ACCOUNTIN	DUE DATE	
SCHOOL DISTRICT OF HOLMEN 1019 MCHUGH RD	52-4594	52-4594119-3	
HOLMEN WI 54636-9296	STATEMENT NUMBER	STATEMENT DATE	AMOUNT DUE
	529372970	12/29/2016	\$53,765.17

SERVICE ADDRESS:	HOLMEN HIGH SCHOOL 1000 MCHUGH RD HOLMEN, WI 54636-9524
NEXT READ DATE:	01/16/17
NATURAL GAS S	ERVICE DETAILS
PREMISES NUMBER:	302283981

INVOICE NUMBER: 0329587998

METER 924206		Read Dates: 11/09/16 - 12/13/16 (34 Days)	
DESCRIPTION	CURRENT READING	PREVIOUS READING	USAGE	
Total Energy	69576 Actual	69576 Actual 68972 Actual		
	997 Heating	Degree Days		
NATURAL GAS ADJUSTM	ENTS			
DESCRIPTION	VALUE UNITS	CONVERSION	VALUE UNITS	
Meter Multiplier	604 mcf	x 10	6040 ccf	
Heat Content Adjustment	6040 ccf	x 1.053300	6362 therms	
NATURAL GAS CHARGES	RA	TE: Int Svc Mnthly Sys Su	p	
DESCRIPTION	USAGE UNITS	RATE	CHARGE	
Customer Charge			\$100.00	
Distribution Charge	6362 therms	\$0,110000	\$699.82	
Gas Supply Charge	6362 therms	\$0.359984	\$2,290.22	
Total			\$3,090.04	
Premises Total			\$3,090.04	

42

Taking Control of Your Gas Bills

Best Practices Using Gas

- HVAC:
 - Boilers and furnaces
 - Controls, scheduling and outside air
 - Hot water delivery and pumping
- Domestic hot water
- Cooking equipment



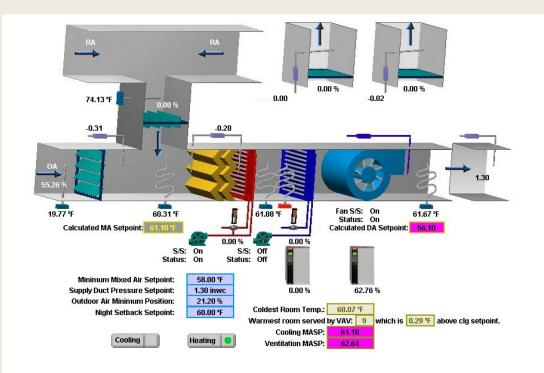
HVAC

- High-efficiency heating system upgrades:
 - Condensing technology
 - Steam to hot water conversion
 - Energy management system
 - Outdoor air reset



Saving Energy with Control Systems

- Pneumatic to DDC conversion
- Schedule occupancy correctly (tighten up)
- Reduce outside air in large air spaces



Energy Efficient Kitchen Equipment

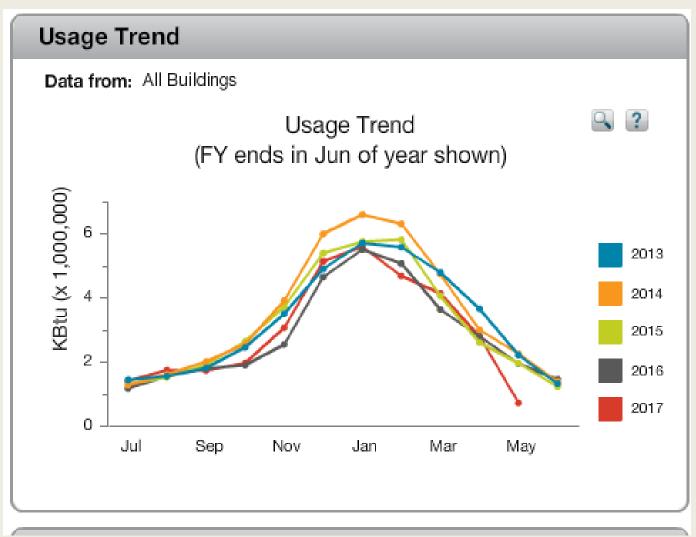
- Consider high-efficiency appliances when upgrading
- Information and incentives available at <u>www.focusonenegy.com</u>



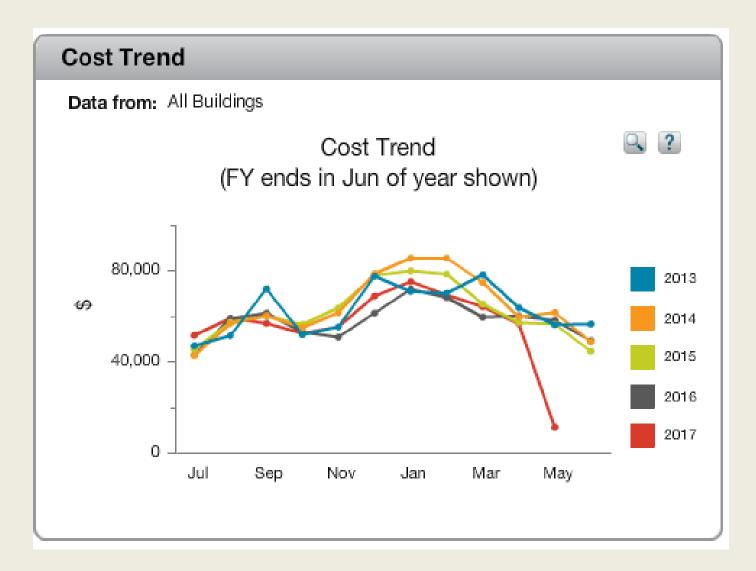
Measure Yourself

- Track Energy use
- Look For and Implement Savings
- Compare Your Buildings
- Measure Against Others
- Share Results

Tracking Energy Use



Tracking Energy Cost



Building Savings

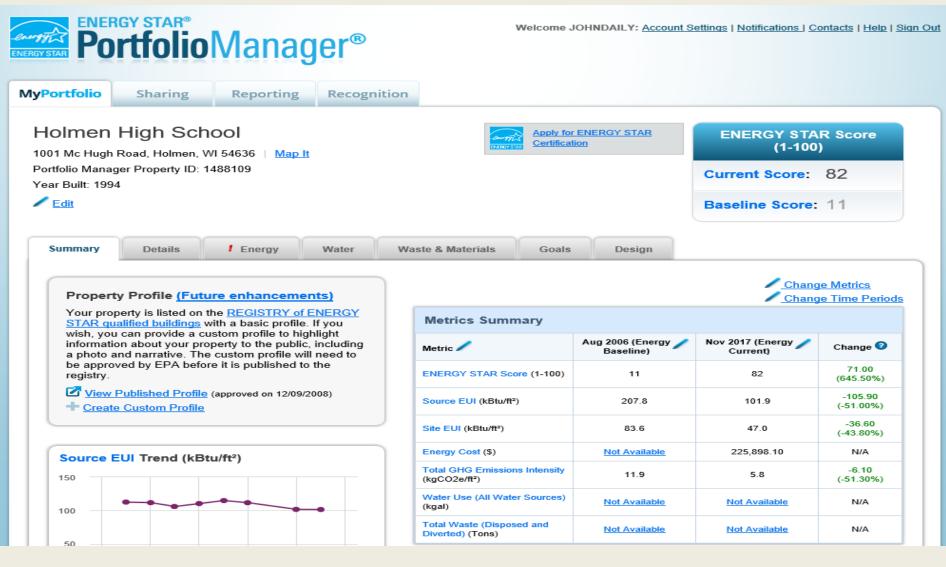
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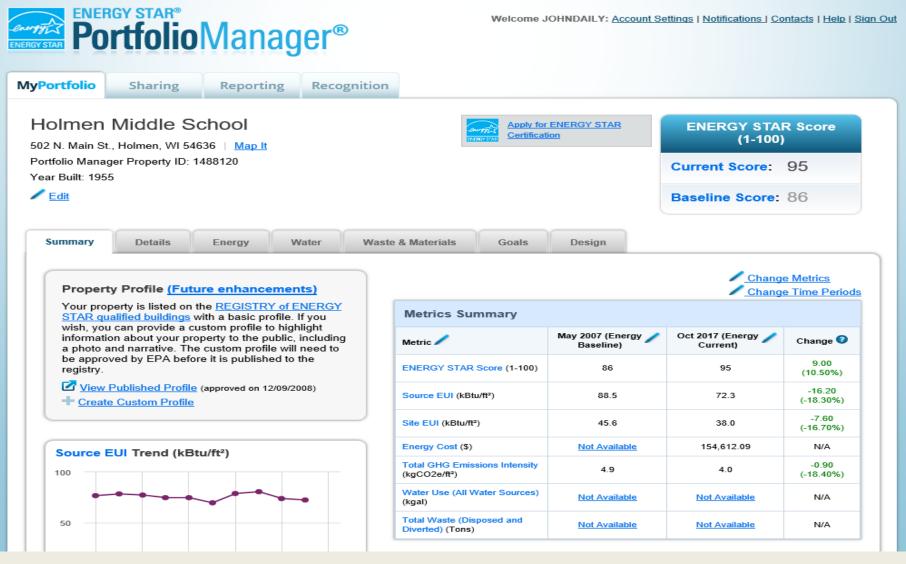
School District of Holmen

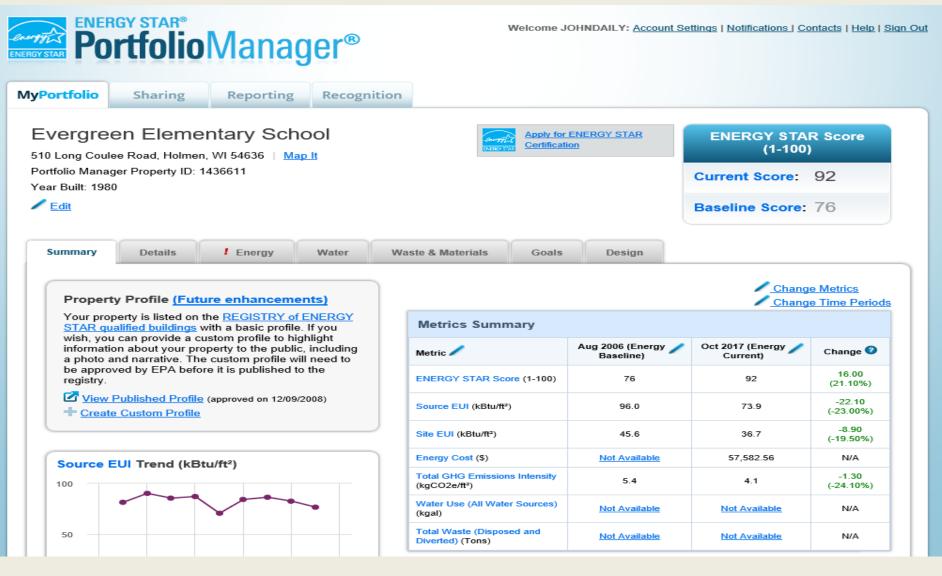
Sorted by BATCC Cost	Cost Avoidance Summary By Building CAP - 01B1
	1,

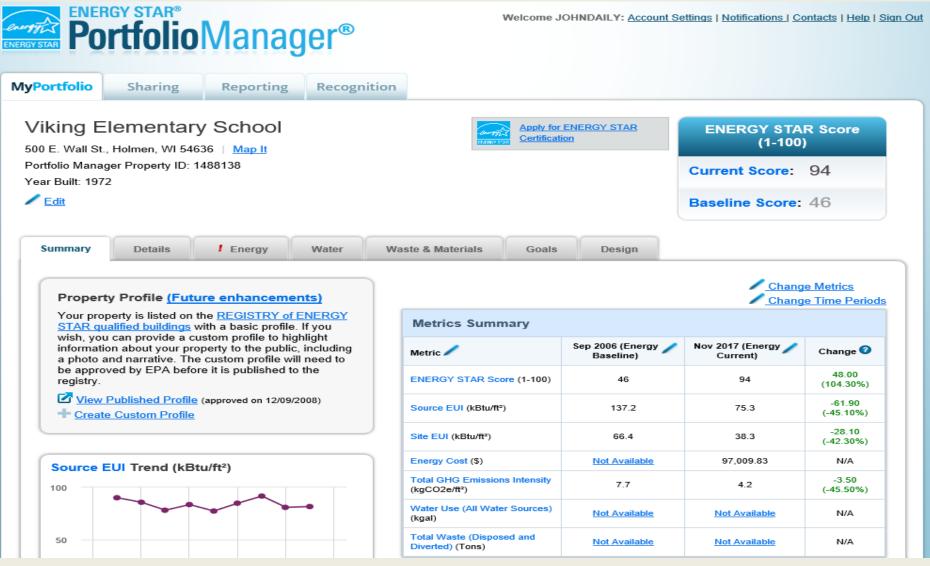
Place	BATCC Cost	Actual Cost	Cost Avoidance	Cost Avoidance %
[HHS_1] Holmen High School	\$299,534	\$217,881	\$81,653	27.3
[HMS_1] Holmen Middle School	\$216,135	\$142,831	\$73,304	33.9
[VES_1] Viking Elementary	\$179,091	\$93,659	\$85,432	47.7
[SLS_1] Sand Lake School	\$104,586	\$75,015	\$29,571	28.3
[EES_1] Evergreen Elementary	\$90,442	\$58,970	\$31,472	34.8
[PVE_1] Prarie View Elementary	\$69,765	\$63,428	\$6,338	9.1
[OGFLC_1] Oak Grove Family Learning Ctr	\$21,582	\$10,409	\$11,172	51.8
[DO] District Office	\$20,510	\$11,142	\$9,368	45.7
[EMPFLD] Empire Stadium	\$13,938	\$4,911	\$9,027	64.8
[TRANS] Transportation	\$12,282	\$11,798	\$483	3.9
[MAINT] Maintenance	\$3,862	\$2,056	\$1,807	46.8
[TMTO] TMT Office	\$2,937	\$2,919	\$18	0.6
[TSHR] Transport Shared	\$2,902	\$2,454	\$448	15.4
Totals:	\$1,037,567	\$697,473	\$340,094	32.8

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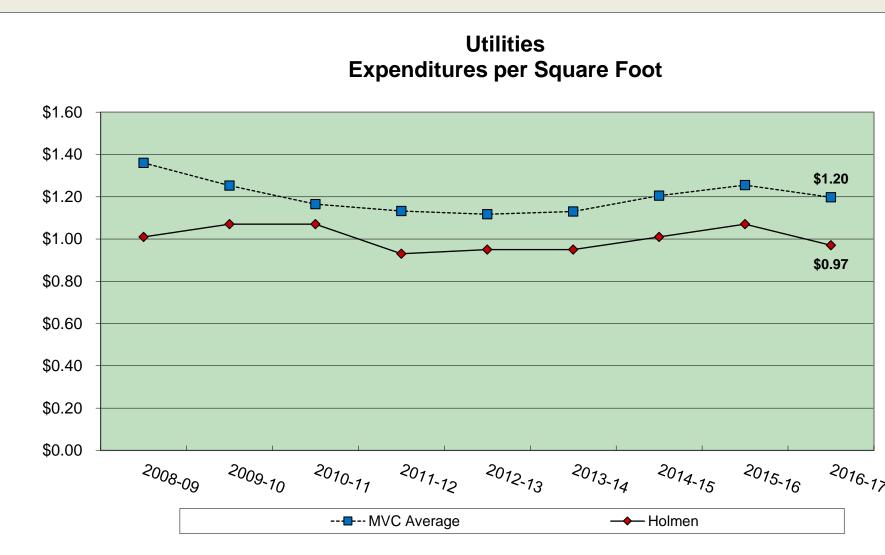
https://www.energystar.gov/buildings/facilityowners-and-managers/existing-buildings/useportfolio-manager



Measure the Physical Classroom Environment

- Temperature
- Humidity
- Lighting
- **CO**₂

Compare Costs to Neighbors



Any Questions?

