

We'll get you there.

Financial Statement Review and Audit

Preparation

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Learning Objectives

- Discuss differences in accounting and financial reporting for governments and for-profit businesses
- Overview of financial reporting model for governments
- Understand your role in the preparation and review of the annual financial statements
- Discuss basic analysis of governmental financial statements
- Learn how to prepare for an audit of your financial statements





Example Governmental Financial Statements







What Do Users Want to Know?

- Did the government's ability to provide services improve or decline from the previous year?
- Were the government's current year taxes and other sources of resources sufficient to cover the cost of current year services? Long-term?
- What are the government's spending priorities?
- What sources of revenues support the various programs?
- Has the government obtained and used resources in accordance with its adopted budget?





Core Differences between FASB and GASB

FASB

- Focus on Economic Events (Financial performance)
- Long-term and short-term reporting the same

GASB

- Budget-Focused (Accountability)
- Current Resources (cash or near cash)
- Total Economic Resources



Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund category

- General fund
 - Fund 10 General fund
 - Fund 27 Special education fund
- Special revenue funds
 - Fund 21 Special revenue fund
 - Fund 23 TEACH fund
 - Fund 29 Other special revenue funds
 - Fund 50 Food service fund
 - Fund 80 Community service fund
 - Fund 99 Other package and cooperative program fund
- Debt service funds
 - Fund 38 Non-referendum
 - Fund 39 Referendum approved
- Capital projects funds
 - Fund 41 Capital expansion fund
 - Fund 46 Long-term capital improvement trust fund
 - Fund 49 Other capital projects fund
- Permanent funds





Fund Financial Statements

- Proprietary fund category
 - Enterprise funds
 - Fund 50 Food service
 - Internal service funds
- Fiduciary fund category
 - Pension (and other employee benefits) trust funds
 - Fund 73- pension and other employee benefit trust fund
 - Investment trust funds
 - Fund 76 Investment Trust fund
 - Private-purpose trust funds
 - Fund 72- Private purpose trust fund
 - Custodial funds
 - Fund 60 Custodial fund





Governmental Funds – Measurement Focus

Flow of current financial resources

- Emphasizes the acquisition and use of expendable available financial resources and related current liabilities
- Includes primarily current (short-term) financial assets and related liabilities
 - Cash
 - Items converted to cash in due course (receivables, investments)
 - Items that avoid the need for a near-term cash outlay prepaids and supplies inventory
- Excludes capital assets and long-term obligations





Proprietary Funds – Measurement Focus

Flow of economic resources

- All economic resources (current and noncurrent, financial and nonfinancial)
- Includes long-term items capital assets, long-term debt
- Similar to business





Governmental Funds – Basis of Accounting

Modified accrual basis

- Revenues recognized when they are measurable and available
 - Available- collectible soon enough after year end to be available to pay current liabilities – 60 day rule
 - If not yet available, receivable is offset by a deferred inflow of resources and revenue is recognized when it becomes available
- Expenditures are recognized when a liability has been incurred and is payable from currently expendable financial resource
 - Debt service expenditures recognized when due
 - Certain accrued liabilities (i.e. compensated absences)





Proprietary Funds – Basis of Accounting

Accrual basis

- Transactions are recognized when they occur, regardless of when cash is received or disbursed
 - Revenues when services or goods provided
 - Expenses when liability is incurred
- Similar to business





Fund Equity/Net Position

- Governmental Funds
 - Fund Balance
 - Nonspendable
 - Restricted
 - Committed
 - Assigned
 - Unassigned
- Proprietary Funds
 - Net Position
 - Net investment in capital assets
 - Restricted
 - Unrestricted





Government-wide Financial Statements

- Considers whether sufficient resources exist to cover the cost of providing services in the long-term
- Economic resources flows measurement focus
 - Capital assets
 - Long-term debt
 - Leases
 - Pension
 - Other postemployment benefits
- Accrual basis of accounting





Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

- Read the financial statements
- Tie key numbers to the general ledger
 - Ask for grouping schedules
- Agree note information to the financial statements

 Ultimately take responsibility for the financial statements and audit process





Financial statement review

- What is important?
- Reconciliations
 - Why are reconciliations necessary?
 - How do I know when to prepare reconciliations?
 - Who should prepare?
 - O How do they benefit me?
- Decision making
- Budgeting





Preparation

- Prepared by client lists (PBC list)
- Preparing throughout the year
- Benefits/Consequences
- Questions





Prepared by client list (PBC list)

- Allocate the requests to appropriate personnel (understand your teams)
- Prioritize
 - What will the auditors need in order to start fieldwork
 - Ask questions, have the auditors prioritize the list instead of guessing
- Request examples
- Be prepared for additional requests
- More information is better
 - Be sure to include supporting documentation up front, if possible
 - Number the items
- Dedicated time (efficiency)





Preparing throughout the year

Workflow matrix

i				Frequency						Completion and Review/Approval			
		Person							Cycle Days (actual day/date of the	Preparer	Prepared	Reviewer	Review
)	Description	Responsible	Reviewer	Daily/Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Annual	Various	month/year)	Initials	Date	Initials	Date
,													
5	Cash and Investments												
)	Reconciliations												
0	Pooled cash				X		X						
1	List any additional individual cash reconciliations				X		X						
2	Scholarship accounts	Ţ			X		X						
3	Investments												
4	Collateral update					X	X						
5	Review outstanding check listings for items significantly aged and determine resolution						X		1-Oct				
6	Review and sign off of bank recs				X		X						

Contact your auditor

Prioritize

- Balance audit needs and organization needs
- Organization
- o Time management (i.e. prepaids do not need to be reviewed monthly)
- Delegate





Benefits

Reduced fieldwork time

Deadlines met

- Less stress and questions
- Timely reporting to funding agencies
- More timely audit observations to apply to current year





Consequences

- Fieldwork delay
- Missed deadlines
- Added stress
- Fines or delays in funding
- Increased likelihood for audit findings/adjustments
- Additional billings







Questions?





Thank you!!

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We'll get you there.

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