Budget Forecasting, Revenue Limit Freeze and What That Means for Districts/Budget Considerations for 2022-23 School Year And Beyond

WASBO Spring Conference 2022

Speakers

Phil Frei

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Officer

Sun Prairie Area School District

School District

\$115M Fund 10 budget, high growth, Dane County

Kettle Moraine

\$50M Fund 10 Budget, declining enrollment, Waukesha County

WASBO Member since 1991

WASBO Member

Chief Financial

Agenda for Presentation

- 1. How to plan for uncertain budgets using forecasting- Phil
 - a. Why
 - b. How
 - c. Timeline
 - d. Communication
- 2. Current Thoughts on 22-23 and beyond- John
- 3. Q&A

Better idea of what the future budgets could look like

Budget reductions

Mill Rates

Operating referendum planning

Take away: This proactive leadership versus reactive approach

State Budget

Biennial Budget

Odd years very tough, even years easier

Fiscal Year starts July 1, major inputs not known till Oct.

(Enrollment (revenue cap), aid, property value)

Could funding change in the middle of biennial budget??

More money (just kidding)

Less tax collections, etc (COVID19)

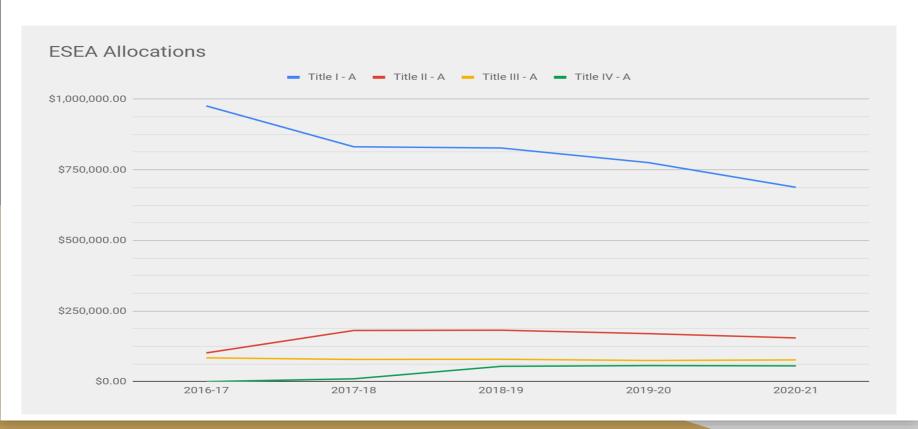
Federal Money

ESSER

How much, when, what strings

Title money (ESEA) changes year to year and president to president

Sun Prairie ESEA Five Year History



How does Sun Prairie forecast budget(s)

- Develop inputs
- Run a model(s); RWB and PMA
- Communicate the model's outputs (Admin, Board, etc)
- Develop plan for output
- Implement the plan

Inputs

Enrollment: Drives revenue cap, per pupil aid, expenses (UW-APL, MD Roffers)

Sun Prairie Third Friday Enrollment by Level TABLE 1

Year	PK	4K	Elementary	Middle	High*	Total
2011-12 (Actual)	52	486	3112	1482	1976	7108
2012-13 (Actual)	43	496	3200	1573	2072	7384
2013-14 (Actual)	33	493	3316	1635	2123	7600
2014-15 (Actual)	37	473	3459	1670	2199	7838
2015-16 (Actual)	41	507	3584	1657	2338	8127
2016-17 (Actual)	43	516	3579	1722	2368	8228
2017-18 (Actual)	48	567	3633	1793	2375	8416
2018-19 (Actual)	49	574	3622	1863	2425	8533
2019-20 (Actual)	37	523	3607	1863	2452	8482
2020-21 (Actual)	45	485	3475	1869	2503	8377
2021-22 (Projected)	44	472	3632	1849	2603	8600
2022-23 (Projected)	44	477	3589	1833	2645	8588
2023-24 (Projected)	44	482	3550	1830	2658	8564
2024-25 (Projected)	44	491	3445	1925	2653	8558
2025-26 (Projected)	44	492	3357	1991	2656	8540
Reflects grade config	urations as	of fall 2	022 since the d	ata includes	projection	ıs.

Inputs: State

Revenue Cap amount: What dollar

amount?

Per pupil aid amount: What dollar amount?

Equalized aid: Output of models

Inputs- Federal

ESSER: When, how much, fiscal cliff...

Titles: Past trends

Medicaid Reimbursement: Past trends

Inputs: Salaries and Benefits

Major focus area

Future knowns: Projected to add or reduce in staffing, extra compensation, etc

CPI

Past trends Show from model (next slide)

Historical Data for Salaries

10		Historical D	Historical Data			ata	Current Year		
5656 - Sun Prairie Area		2018 - 20	2018 - 2019			20	2020 - 2021		
Sce/Obj		2019	% ∆		2020	% ∆	2021	% ∆	
E	Expenditures								
101	Admin	\$3,544,533	1.23%		\$3,834,698	8.19%	\$3,980,566	3.80%	
102	Admin Support	\$2,474,259	37.96%		\$2,554,306	3.24%	\$2,610,959	2.22%	
103	Support Staff	\$7,155,704	13.79%		\$7,580,589	5.94%	\$8,204,745	8.23%	
104	Prof Ed	\$28,847,966	5.93%		\$31,224,933	8.24%	\$32,902,102	5.37%	
105	Athletics/Co-cur.	\$1,018,403	4.82%		\$1,003,850	-1.43%	\$1,077,319	7.32%	
106	Summer School	\$943,723	5.47%		\$1,216,444	28.90%	\$596,224	-50.99%	
107	Leadership	\$152,905	19.61%		\$154,748	1.21%	\$120,800	-21.94%	
109	Subs	\$1,440,286	7.79%		\$1,006,519	-30.12%	\$1,579,665	56.94%	
110	Other	\$1,534,566	-1.25%		\$1,201,404	-21.71%	\$1,473,474	22.65%	
113	Board	\$36,840	2.33%		\$40,200	9.12%	\$40,200	0.00%	

Other Inputs

Other objects (300-999): Property insurance example

Local sources: Increasing fees?

Regionals Discussion

WASBO

SAA

Last thought on inputs

Be conservative!!

Much easier to add than to cut

Primary focus on first year or two of model

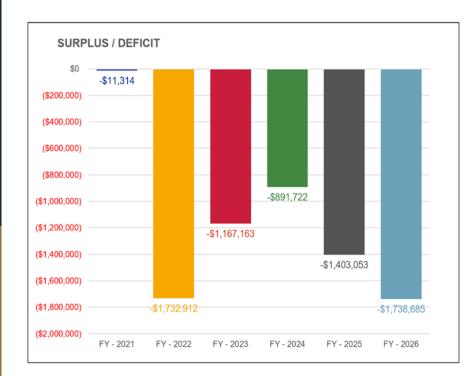
Communications

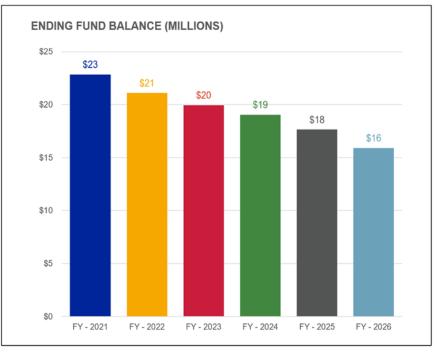
Explain "big" inputs: Revenue cap, state aid, property values

Explain thought process

Use easy to understand tables and graphs

Ì	BUDGET REVENUE & EXPENDITURE PROJECTIONS										
	FY - 2021	FY - 2022	% Δ	FY - 2023	% Δ	FY - 2024	% Δ	FY - 2025	% Δ	FY - 2026	% Δ
REVENUE				100 ACC 100 AC				CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF THE			10 00000
Local Sources	\$51,544,685	\$50,733,119	-1.57%	\$49,705,169	-2.03%	\$50,807,682	2.22%	\$51,883,282	2.12%	\$52,466,035	1.12%
State Sources	\$58,513,294	\$60,624,508	3.61%	\$63,240,380	4.31%	\$64,101,874	1.36%	\$64,430,662	0.51%	\$65,295,707	1.34%
Federal Sources	\$2,278,887	\$2,278,887	0.00%	\$2,278,887	0.00%	\$2,278,887	0.00%	\$2,278,887	0.00%	\$2,278,887	0.00%
Other	\$3,664,223	\$3,832,974	4.61%	\$3,892,174	1.54%	\$3,951,374	1.52%	\$4,010,574	1.50%	\$4,069,774	1.48%
TOTAL REVENUE	\$116,001,089	\$117,469,488	1.27%	\$119,116,610	1.40%	\$121,139,817	1.70%	\$122,603,405	1.21%	\$124,110,403	1.23%
								•			1
EXPENDITURES											
Salary and Benefits	\$72,646,766	\$74,985,684	3.22%	\$76,000,056	1.35%	\$77,317,659	1.73%	\$78,665,513	1.74%	\$80,044,331	1.75%
Other Objects		\$44,216,717	1.96%	\$44,283,717	0.15%	\$44,713,880	0.97%	\$45,340,945	1.40%	\$45,804,757	1.02%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$116,012,403	\$119,202,400	2.75%	\$120,283,773	0.91%	\$122,031,539	1.45%	\$124,006,458	1.62%	\$125,849,088	1.49%
SURPLUS / DEFICIT	(\$11,314)	(\$1,732,912)		(\$1,167,163)		(\$891,722)		(\$1,403,053)		(\$1,738,685)	
Change over Previous Year		(\$1,721,598)		\$565,749		\$275,441		(\$511,331)		(\$335,632)	-
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$22,850,270	\$22,838,956		\$21,106,044		\$19,938,881		\$19,047,159		\$17,644,105	
											2
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$22,838,956	\$21,106,044		\$19,938,881		\$19,047,159		\$17,644,105		\$15,905,420	
FUND BALANCE AS % OF EXPENDITURES	19.69%	17.71%		16.58%		15.61%		14.23%		12.64%	





5656 - Sun Prairie Area

Enrollment Increase +50; Rev Cap inc. \$75							
	Historical	Current Year	Budget Year		Fored	ast	
	2019 - 2020	2020 - 2021	2021 - 2022	2022 - 2023	2023 - 2024	2024 - 2025	2025 - 2026
September Membership (FTE):	8,211	8,174	8,224	8,224	8,224	8,224	8,224
Equalized Valuation Growth:	7.64%	5.98%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Fund 10 Revenues	\$113,609,423	\$116,001,089	\$116,635,428	\$117,413,850	\$118,543,406	\$119,286,452	\$120,030,098
Fund 10 Expenditures	\$108,639,494	\$116,012,403	\$119,102,401	\$120,183,773	\$121,931,539	\$123,906,459	\$125,749,089
Surplus (Deficit)	\$4,969,928	(\$11,314)	(\$2,466,973)	(\$2,769,923)	(\$3,388,133)	(\$4,620,007)	(\$5,718,991)
Fund Balance	\$22,848,110	\$22,836,796	\$20,369,823	\$17,599,900	\$14,211,767	\$9,591,761	\$3,872,769
Fund Balance as % of Expenditures	21.03%	19.68%	17.10%	14.64%	11.66%	7.74%	3.08%
Non-Recurring Referendum \$	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Recurring Referendum \$	\$5,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Referendum Debt Levy	\$18,600,000	\$20,600,000	\$21,600,000	\$22,600,000	\$23,600,000	\$23,800,000	\$23,800,000
Energy Efficiency Exemption	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total School-Based Tax Levy	\$69,379,792	\$71,753,551	\$75,413,654	\$76,222,903	\$79,030,752	\$80,948,553	\$82,699,577
Mill Rate (per \$1,000 EQ Value)	\$13.06	\$12.75	\$13.01	\$12.76	\$12.85	\$12.78	\$12.67
			\$0.05				
nsert notes here							

Timeline

To Senior Leadership: Nov/Dec

To Board: Jan./Feb.

Budget balancing: Jan-March

Staff reductions: April-May

Preliminary budget: May/June; balanced

Proposed Budget: July

From Board Report:

Key assumptions used to build the five-year budget forecast are:

- 1. UW-APL projects an enrollment increase of 233 students for 2021-22. The Senior Leaders Budget Team (SLBT) feels this growth is too robust given the last two years of enrollment decline and used a scaled back enrollment increase of 75 for the projections. Please reference this chart for variances between estimates and actuals since 2015-16.
- 2. With the State of Wisconsin budget not finalized for the 2021-22 fiscal years, the SLBT estimated a \$75 per pupil increase to the revenue cap. This amount was also used for all future years.
- 3. Average salary increases are similar to 2020-21. This allows for CPI (1.23%) increases for employees.
- 4. Health insurance rates will stay the same rate due to the bid in 2019.
- 5. Estimated property value growth of 3.0% for the next five years; last year the increase was 6.0%. This amount plays into the Revenue Limit formula with Equalization Aid, it does not impact the amount (size) of the budget just the relationship between local taxes and Equalization Aid.

From Board Report:

Budget Year	Robert W. Baird	Forecast 5	Average Deficit
2021-22	-\$2,466,973	-\$2,358,863	-\$2,412,918
2022-23	-\$2,769,923	-\$2,439,251	-\$2,604,587
2023-24	-\$3,388,133	-\$2,844,698	-\$3,116,416
2024-25	-\$4,620,007	-\$4,072,827	-\$4,346,417
2025-26	-\$5,718,991	-\$5,168,067	-\$5,443,529

Kettle Moraine School Dist	rict	Preliminary Budget 5/3/2022							
	Current Year	Budget Year		Foreca	st				
	2021 - 2022	2022 - 2023	2023 - 2024	2024 - 2025	2025 - 2026	2026 - 2027			
Sept Membership (FTE)	3,206	3,137	3,091	3,033	2,988	2,940			
Per Pupil Increase	\$0	\$0	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200			
Per-Pupil Categorical Aid \$	\$742	\$742	\$742	\$742	\$742	\$742			
TIF Out Equalized Valuation Growth	4.48%	4.00%	3.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%			
Fund 10 Revenues	\$48,553,637	\$49,514,525	\$49,877,882	\$50,173,371	\$51,362,341	\$51,884,220			
Fund 10 Expenditures	\$48,553,636	\$49,514,525	\$50,277,882	\$50,983,370	\$52,592,591	\$53,545,226			
Surplus (Deficit)	\$0	\$0	(\$400,000)	(\$810,000)	(\$1,230,249)	(\$1,661,006)			
Fund Balance	\$18,663,350	\$18,663,349	\$18,263,350	\$17,453,350	\$16,223,100	\$14,562,095			
Fund Balance as % of Expenditures	38.44%	37.69%	36.32%	34.23%	30.85%	27.20%			
Total School-Based Tax Levy	\$39,362,557	\$39,000,000	\$39,499,200	\$40,004,790	\$40,516,851	\$41,035,467			
% change	-0.56%	-0.92%	1.28%	1.28%	1.28%	1.28%			
Mill Rate (per \$1,000 EQ Value)	\$8.98	\$8.56	\$8.41	\$8.35	\$8.29	\$8.24			
% change	-4.82%	-4.73%	-1.67%	-0.71%	-0.71%	-0.71%			
Non-Recurring Referendum \$	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Recurring Referendum \$	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Referendum Debt Levy	\$5,831,245	\$7,401,530	\$4,927,292	\$3,972,052	\$3,263,484	\$3,052,552			
Energy Efficiency Exemption	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Average Tax Impact Home Valuation	\$400,000	\$410,480	\$417,130	\$419,716	\$422,318	\$424,937			
Average tax impact: \$400,000 home	\$3,592	\$3,513	\$3,509	\$3,506	\$3,502	\$3,498			

Kettle Moraine School Dist	Preliminary Budget 5/3/2022							
	Current Year	Budget Year		Foreca	st			
	2021 - 2022	2022 - 2023	2023 - 2024	2024 - 2025	2025 - 2026	2026 - 2027		
Sept Membership (FTE)	3,206	3,137	3,091	3,033	2,988	2,940		
Per Pupil Increase	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		
Per-Pupil Categorical Aid \$	\$742	\$742	\$742	\$742	\$742	\$742		
TIF Out Equalized Valuation Growth	4.48%	4.00%	3.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%		
Fund 10 Revenues	\$48,553,637	\$49,514,525	\$49,333,217	\$49,488,171	\$49,981,092	\$49,885,770		
Fund 10 Expenditures	\$48,553,636	\$49,514,525	\$50,277,882	\$50,983,370	\$52,592,591	\$53,545,226		
Surplus (Deficit)	\$0	\$0	(\$944,665)	(\$1,495,200)	(\$2,611,498)	(\$3,659,456)		
Fund Balance	\$18,663,350	\$18,663,349	\$17,718,685	\$16,223,485	\$13,611,986	\$9,952,531		
Fund Balance as % of Expenditures	38.44%	37.69%	35.24%	31.82%	25.88%	18.59%		
Total School-Based Tax Levy	\$39,362,557	\$39,000,000	\$39,499,200	\$40,004,790	\$40,516,851	\$41,035,467		
% change	-0.56%	-0.92%	1.28%	1.28%	1.28%	1.28%		
Mill Rate (per \$1,000 EQ Value)	\$8.98	\$8.56	\$8.41	\$8.35	\$8.29	\$8.24		
% change	-4.82%	-4.73%	-1.67%	-0.71%	-0.71%	-0.71%		
Non-Recurring Referendum \$	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		
Recurring Referendum \$	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$0	\$0	\$0		
Referendum Debt Levy	\$5,831,245	\$7,401,530	\$5,471,957	\$4,657,252	\$4,644,733	\$5,051,002		
Energy Efficiency Exemption	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		
Average Tax Impact Home Valuation	\$400,000	\$410,480	\$417,130	\$419,716	\$422,318	\$424,937		
Average tax impact: \$400,000 home	\$3,592	\$3,513	\$3,509	\$3,506	\$3,502	\$3,498		

2022-23 and Beyond

"The Big 4"

- -> Inflation (4.7% for 2022-23, 6.80% (Est) for 2023-24) & Alignment to Per-Pupil
- -> Annual Cost to Continue

-> Approaching Fiscal Cliff (post federal stimulus)

-> Employee Shortages (upward pressure on starting wages)

Inflation

- -> 6.80% for FY 2023-24 (as of March, 2022 data)
- -> Inflation has averaged 2.07% per year (past 20 years)

2013-14	2.07%	2018-19	2.13%
2014-15	1.46%	2019-20	2.44%
2015-16	1.62%	2020-21	1.81%
2016-17	0.12%	2021-22	1.23%
2017-18	1.26%	2022-23	4.70%

New Revenue (Per Pupil)

Consumer Price Index (CPI)

Cost to Continue

"The Big 4"

-> Salaries (typically 2%) KM -> \$600,000 at

2%

-> Health Insurance (typically 4-8%) KM -> \$250,000 at 4%

-> Utilities (typically 3-5%) KM -> \$ 30,000 at

3%

-> Transportation (typically 2-3%) KM -> \$ 70,000 at 2.5%

If you have the same number of kids, and thus would have the same staff, what would it cost you to continue?

\$950,000 / 3,568 students = approximately \$267 per pupil. What does a \$0 per pupil increase or even a \$100/\$200 increase mean for your district?

Cost to Continue -> Inflation Adjusted

"The Big 4"

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-> Salaries (5-7%) KM -> $1,800,000 at 6%
-> Health Insurance (4-8%) KM -> $250,000 at 4%
-> Utilities (20%) KM -> $200,000 at 20%
-> Transportation (6-8%) KM -> $196,000 at 7%
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If you have the same number of kids, and thus would have the same staff, what would it cost you to continue?

\$2,446,000 / 3,568 students = approximately \$686 per pupil. What does a \$0 per pupil increase or even a \$100/\$200 increase mean for your district?

What is ahead of us?

2022-23 District Budgets

- ** **4.70% inflation** (impact on salaries, benefits, transportation, utilities)
- ** 0.00% per-pupil increase (no new funding aside from maintaining 30% SWD aid)
- ** tremendous pressure to use federal funds to balance 2022-23 budgets
- ** what happens to 2023-24 budgets if 2022-23 shortfalls are addressed with one-time funds?
- ** Inflation for 2023-24 budgeting is likely to be higher than 4.70%. If you give the full CPI for FY 22-23, what will the expectations from your staff be for 23-24 and beyond?

2023-25 State Budget

Questions you may hear from legislators:

- -> What do you need the "extra money for?"
- -> Why are schools always asking for "more" money?
- -> We need to address inequities within the system that fund public schools, charter schools, and choice schools differently
- -> Schools have gotten a massive increase in funding over the past decade

Questions we need to be prepared to answer

- -> Per pupil funding adjustments aligned to inflation are not an <u>increase</u>, those adjustments are maintaining current funding.
- -> Schools are funded differently because they have different legal requirements. Schools that do not provide comprehensive services to students with disabilities nor transportation cost less to operate. An apples to apples comparison would involve adjusting for these expenses.
- -> Legislators have appropriated money for property tax relief, not spendable revenue for kids. New (ongoing) funding for public education in Wisconsin has been roughly ½ the rate of inflation in Wisconsin over the past decade.

2023-25 Multi-Scenario Budgeting

- -> Recommended using three different scenarios to show your board/community the impact
- -> Potential for changes in school funding for the "money to follow the pupil".
- -> From our perspective, we've been frozen for two years. From some legislators' perspective, we received a \$2.7 billion "increase" in 2020-21 federal funds.
- -> If funds remain unspent as of 1/1/2023, legislators could infer that means additional resources are not needed. Further, if you're "supplanting" within your budget, and your fund balance increases, this could be perceived as proof that schools have plenty of funding.

Questions?